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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/073,190	02/13/2002	Kenneth Y. Ng	. 884.A25US1	5309
7590 01/26/2006			EXAMINER	
SCHWEGMAN, LUNDBERG, WOESSNER & KLUTH, P.A.			DO, CHAT C	
P.O. Box 2938				
Minneapolis, MN 55402			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
•			2193	
			•	

DATE MAILED: 01/26/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/073,190	NG, KENNETH Y.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Chat C. Do	2193				
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE in a may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. In period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	I. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)[[Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 No.	ovember 2005					
· —		action is non-final.					
=	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
٧,۵	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
D!14!	·	A parto quajro, 1000 c.b. 11, 10	0.0.210.				
•	on of Claims						
· ·	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10,12-28 and 30-40</u> is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10, 12-28, 30-40</u> is/are rejected.						
•	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)□	8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Applicati	on Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
•	10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.							
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
2)	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa					

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DETAILED ACTION

- 1. This communication is responsive to Amendment filed 11/23/2005.
- 2. Claims 1-10, 12-28, and 30-40 are pending in this application. Claims 1, 5, 13, 22, 25, 30, and 37 are independent claims. In Amendment, claims 11 and 29 are cancelled. This Office Action is made non-final after a RCE filed 11/23/2005.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

 (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 4. Claims 5-10 and 12-28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Chehrazi et al. (U.S. 6,301,599).

Re claim 5, Chehrazi et al. disclose in Figure 4 a Booth encoder circuit (400) comprising: a plurality of transistors (e.g. 404-409) to receive a plurality of multiplier bits (b0-b2) and complements of plurality of multiplier bits (output of 401-403); and a plurality of logic circuits (410-414) coupled to ones of plurality of transistors to output Booth encoded signals (S0-S2 and S_1-S_2) wherein Booth encoded signals are

substantially gate delay-matched from the transistors to the output of Booth encoder circuit (e.g. output signals from encoder circuit in Figure 4 wherein all output signals S0, S1, S_1, S2, and S_2 are aligned with gate delay and col. 8 claim 13).

Re claim 6, Chehrazi et al. further disclose in Figures 2 and 4-5 plurality of transistors comprise a first sub-circuit (circuit for generating S1 and S_1 in Figure 4), a second sub-circuit (circuit for generating S2 in Figure 4), a third sub-circuit (circuit for generating S_2 in Figure 4), and a fourth sub-circuit (circuit for generating S0 in Figure 4), and plurality of Logic circuits comprise first Logic circuits, second Logic circuits, third logic circuit and fourth logic circuits (Figure 4), first sub-circuit to receive two of multiplier bits and complements of two multiplier bits, first sub-circuit to provide a signal to first logic circuits, first logic circuits to output two Booth encoded signals (S1 and S_1 in Figure 4).

Re claim 7, Chehrazi et al. further disclose in Figures 2 and 4-5 second sub-circuit to receive one of multiplier bits and complements of two multiplier bits, second sub-circuit to provide a signal to second Logic circuits, second Logic circuits to output one Booth encoded signal (S2 in Figure 4).

Re claim 8, Chehrazi et al. further disclose in Figures 2 and 4-5 third sub-circuit to receive two of multiplier bits and complements of one multiplier bit, third sub-circuit to provide a signal to third Logic circuits, third Logic circuits to output one Booth encoded signal (S_2 in Figure 4).

Re claim 9, Chehrazi et al. further disclose in Figures 2 and 4-5 fourth sub-circuit to receive two of multiplier bits and complements of two multiplier bits, and to provide a

signal to fourth Logic circuits based on two of multiplier bits and complements of two multiplier bits, fifth sub-circuit to receive two of multiplier bits and complements of two multiplier bits and to provide a signal to fourth logic circuit based on two of multiplier bits and complements of two multiplier bits, fourth Logic circuit to output one Booth encoded signal (S0 in Figure 4).

Re claim 10, Chehrazi et al. further disclose in Figures 2 and 4-5 Booth encoded signals represent a multiply by zero; a multiply by one; a multiply by negative one, a multiply by two; and a multiply by negative two (col. 2 lines 30-33).

Re claim 12, Chehrazi et al. further disclose in Figures 2 and 4-5 circuit has a maximum of a three-gate delay from an input of Booth encoder circuit to an output of Booth encoder circuit (e.g. Figure 4 with 401, 405 and 413).

Re claim 13, it has same limitation cited in claim 12. Thus, claim 13 is also rejected under the same rationale as cited in the rejection of rejected claim 12.

Re claim 14, Chehrazi et al. further disclose in Figures 2 and 4-5 logic comprises a plurality of transistors (e.g. 404-409), a plurality of NAND gates (412-414) and a plurality of inverters (e.g. 401-403).

Re claim 15, Chehrazi et al. further disclose in Figures 2 and 4-5 NAND gates comprises two-input NAND circuits (e.g. 412-414).

Re claim 16, it has same limitation cited in claim 6. Thus, claim 16 is also rejected under the same rationale as cited in the rejection of rejected claim 6.

Re claim 17, it has same limitation cited in claim 7. Thus, claim 17 is also rejected under the same rationale as cited in the rejection of rejected claim 7.

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Re claim 18, it has same limitation cited in claim 8. Thus, claim 18 is also rejected under the same rationale as cited in the rejection of rejected claim 8.

Re claim 19, it has same limitation cited in claim 9. Thus, claim 19 is also rejected under the same rationale as cited in the rejection of rejected claim 9.

Re claim 20, it has same limitation cited in claim 10. Thus, claim 20 is also rejected under the same rationale as cited in the rejection of rejected claim 10.

Re claim 21, Chehrazi et al. further disclose in Figures 2 and 4-5 Booth encoded signals are substantially delay-matched at an output of multiplier circuit (e.g. output signals from encoder circuit in Figure 4 wherein all output signals S0, S1, S_1, S2, and S_2 are aligned with gate delay and col. 8 claim 13).

Re claim 22, Chehrazi et al. further disclose in Figures 2 and 4-5 a circuit comprising logic to receive a plurality of multiplier bits and complements of multiplier bits (e.g. b0-b2 and its complements from 401-403 in Figure 4), logic including a plurality of transistors (e.g. 404-409), a plurality of NAND gates (e.g. 412-414) and a plurality of inverters (e.g. 401-403) configured to output delay-matched Booth encoded signals (e.g. claim 13 in col. 8) based on multiplier bits and complements.

Re claim 23, it has same limitation cited in claim 12. Thus, claim 23 is also rejected under the same rationale as cited in the rejection of rejected claim 12.

Re claim 24, it has same limitation cited in claim 15. Thus, claim 24 is also rejected under the same rationale as cited in the rejection of rejected claim 15.

Re claim 25, it has same limitation cited in claim 9. Thus, claim 25 is also rejected under the same rationale as cited in the rejection of rejected claim 9.

Re claim 26, it has same limitation cited in claim 12. Thus, claim 26 is also rejected under the same rationale as cited in the rejection of rejected claim 12.

Re claim 27, it has same limitation cited in claim 14. Thus, claim 27 is also rejected under the same rationale as cited in the rejection of rejected claim 14.

Re claim 28, it has same limitation cited in claim 15. Thus, claim 28 is also rejected under the same rationale as cited in the rejection of rejected claim 15.

5. Claims 30-31 and 33-40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Lee et al. (U.S. 5,818,743).

Re claim 30, Lee et al. further disclose in Figure 9A partial products generator circuit (e.g. 280) comprising: a first multiplexing device (e.g. first mux of 244') having a plurality of first transistors to receive Booth encoded signals (output of Booth Encoder on the left of Figure 9A) and to provide a first partial products output (output of the first mux into FA); and a second multiplexing device (e.g. first mux of 244'') having a plurality of second transistors to receive Booth encoded signals (e.g output of Booth Encoder on the left of Figure 9A) and multiplexed data from first multiplexing device and to provide a second partial products output (e.g. output of the first mux into FA of 244'').

Re claim 31, Lee et al. further disclose in Figure 9A a third multiplexing device having a plurality of third transistors to receive Booth encoded signals and multiplexed data from second multiplexing device and to provide a third partial products output (e.g. 244").

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Re claim 33, Lee et al. further disclose in Figure 9A first multiplexing device further to receive a signal corresponding to a first bit of a multiplicand and a signal corresponding to a complement of first bit (e.g. multiplicand and bar(multiplicand)).

Re claim 34, Lee et al. further disclose in Figure 9A second multiplexing device further to receive a signal corresponding to a second bit of multiplicand and a signal corresponding to a complement of second bit (e.g. multiplicand and bar(multiplicand)).

Re claim 35, Lee et al. further disclose in Figure 9A plurality of first transistors comprise five transistors (input into mux).

Re claim 36, Lee et al. further disclose in Figure 9A multiplexed data comprises data from a previous bit of a multiplicand (e.g. second line of mux in 244'').

Re claim 37, it has same limitation cited in claim 36. Thus, claim 37 is also rejected under the same rationale as cited in the rejection of rejected claim 36.

Re claim 38, Lee et al. further disclose in Figure 9A previous multiplexing device receives Booth encoded signals and provides a second partial products output for a second bit of multiplicand based at Least on multiplexed data from another multiplexing device (e.g. second line of mux in 244").

Re claim 39, it has same limitation cited in claim 33. Thus, claim 39 is also rejected under the same rationale as cited in the rejection of rejected claim 33.

Re claim 40, it has same limitation cited in claim 34. Thus, claim 40 is also rejected under the same rationale as cited in the rejection of rejected claim 34.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claims 1-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being obvious over Chehrazi et al. (U.S. 6,301,599) in view of Lee et al. (U.S. 5,818,743).

Re claim 1, Chehrazi et al. disclose in Figures 2 and 4-5 a circuit comprising a booth encoder circuit (202 in Fig. 2) having a plurality of transistors (e.g. 404 in Fig. 4) to receive a plurality of multiplier bits (e.g. b0-b2) and complements of plurality of multiplier bits (e.g. output of 401-403), and a plurality of Logic circuits (e.g. 410-414) coupled to ones of plurality of transistors to output Booth encoded signals (e.g. S0-S 2); and a partial products generating circuit (e.g. 204 in Fig. 2) having a multiplexing device (e.g. 506) to receive Booth encoded signals and to provide partial products output (col. 6 lines 15-20). Chehrazi et al. do not clearly disclose the partial products generating circuit having a first and second multiplexing device to generate first and second partial products respective base on the Booth encoded signals and previous output even thought Chehrazi et al. disclose in column 2 lines 38-43 that the partial products generating circuits are function as a multiplexer as conventional. However, Lee et al. disclose in Figure 9A the partial products generating circuit (280) having a first multiplexing device (e.g. mux in 244') to receive Booth encoded signals (e.g. Booth Encoder) and to provide first partial products output (output of 244'), and a second multiplexing device (e.g. 244'') to receive

Booth encoded signals (e.g. Booth Encoder) and multiplexed data from first multiplexing device (e.g. second mux from left in 244") and to provide a second partial products output (output of 244"). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention is made to add a first and second multiplexer to generate a first and second partial products based on receiving the Booth encoder signal and the previous output as seen in Leet al.'s invention into Chehrazi et al.'s invention because it would enable to speed up the multiplication by reducing the number of partial products needed to be generated and added in the multiplier (col. 3 lines 65-67 and col. 4 lines 1-2).

Re claim 2, Chehrazi et al. further disclose in Figures 2 and 4-5 plurality of Logic circuits includes a recoding circuit (col. 2 lines 37-42 wherein the multiplexing process as the recoding circuit to generate the partial products).

Re claims 3-4, Chehrazi et al. do not disclose in Figures 2 and 4-5 first multiplexing device further to receive a signal corresponding to a first bit of a multiplicand and a signal corresponding to a complement of first bit and respectively for second bit. However, Chehrazi et al. disclose in Figure 4 first multiplexing device further to receive a signal corresponding to a first bit of a multiplicand and a signal corresponding to a complement of first bit (e.g. multiplicand and bar(multiplicand)) and respectively for second bit. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention is made to add first multiplexing device further to receive a signal corresponding to a first bit of a multiplicand and a signal corresponding to a complement of first bit and respectively for second bit as seen in Leet

al.'s invention into Chehrazi et al.'s invention because it would enable to speed up the multiplication by reducing the number of partial products needed to be generated and added in the multiplier (col. 3 lines 65-67 and col. 4 lines 1-2).

8. Claim 32 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being obvious over Lee et al. (U.S. 5,818,743).

Re claim 32, Lee et al. do not disclose in Figure 9A pluralities of first transistors comprise NFET transistors. However, the examiner takes an official notice that the NFET transistors are known in the art for used in multiplier. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention is made to add the NFET transistors into the multiplier in Lee et al.'s invention because it would enable to increase the system performance by reducing the delay between gates.

Response to Arguments

- 9. Applicant's arguments filed 11/23/2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
 - a. The applicant argues in pages 10-11 for claims that the cited reference by Chehrazi does not disclose the Booth encoded signals are substantially gate delaymatched from the transistors to the output of Booth encoder circuit.

The examiner respectfully submits that Figure 4 shows the output Booth encoded signals are substantially generated or gate delay-matched from the transistors (e.g. 404) to the output of Booth encoder circuit (e.g. S0-S2). The first three output

signals (e.g. S0, S1, and S_1) are generated at the same time with other signals (e.g. S2 and S_2). Thus, the Booth encoded signals are delay-matched from the transistors to the output of Booth encoder circuit as seen in the other signals (e.g. S2 and S_2).

b. The applicant argues in page 12 for claims 25-28 that the cited reference does not have both second and third subcircuits and second and third logic circuits.

The examiner respectfully submits that the second and third subcircuits and logic circuits are inherently part of the three-input AND gates. The three-input AND gates comprises several stages of transistors and two-input AND gates.

c. The applicant argues in page 12 for claims 30-31 and 33-36 that the cited reference by Lee does not disclose or provide first and second partial products outputs of a partial products generator circuit.

The examiner respectfully submits that the cited reference clearly discloses first and second partial products outputs of a partial products generator circuit (e.g. col. 4 lines 8-12).

d. The applicant argues in page 13 for claims 1-4 that the cited reference by Lee fails to provide or suggest a second multiplexing device to receive Booth encoded signals and multiplexed data from first multiplexing device and to provide a second partial products output.

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The examiner respectfully submits that the cited reference clearly discloses a

second multiplexing device to receive Booth encoded signals and multiplexed

data from first multiplexing device and to provide a second partial products output

(e.g. col. 4 lines 8-12).

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Chat C. Do whose telephone number is (571) 272-3721. The

examiner can normally be reached on $M \Rightarrow F$ from 7:00 AM to 5:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Chaki Kakali can be reached on (571) 272-3719. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Chat C. Do

Examiner

Art Unit 2193

January 20, 2006

SUPERVISORY DATE OF THE EXAMINER

TECHNOLUGY CENTER 2100